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Railroad Medicare’s

Quick Reference Guide

A Palmetto GBA publication designed to improve communications and enhance service levels between providers and the Railroad Medicare program.

www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR

The RRB-Contracted Specialty Medicare Administrative Contractor (RRB SMAC)
2743 Perimeter Parkway, P.O. Box 10066
Augusta, GA 30999-0001

January 2019
Disclaimer

The contents of the Railroad Medicare Quick Reference Guide are subject to change without notice. Please visit our website for the most current updates at www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR

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Palmetto GBA is the Railroad Retirement Board Specialty Medicare Administrative Contractor (RRB SMAC) and processes Part B claims for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries nationwide. All RRB SMAC claims are processed by Palmetto GBA in Augusta, Georgia.

Because we are independent from the local Part B Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs), there are many important things to remember when billing Railroad Medicare. This guide is designed to help you get started with Railroad Medicare and to clarify how billing to us, while different, can be easy and successful.

**New Medicare Card Project**

In April 2018, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) began mailing new Medicare cards with new Medicare Beneficiary Identifiers (MBIs) to all people with Medicare in phases by geographic regions. CMS completed the mailing in January 2019. The Railroad Retirement Board mailed new Medicare cards with new MBIs to all people with Railroad Medicare in June, 2018.

MBIs will replace Social Security Number (SSN)-based Health Insurance Claims Numbers (HICNs) for Medicare data exchanges including billing, eligibility status, and claim status. There will be a transition period from April 1, 2018, to December 31, 2019, during which you can use either the HICN or the MBI as the patient’s Medicare ID number for data exchanges.

A major change with the implementation of MBIs is the MBI numbers assigned to people with Railroad Medicare are not distinguishable from other MBIs. The Medicare card of a person with Railroad Medicare will continue to be unique. The RRB will continue mailing Railroad Medicare cards with the RRB logo in the upper left corner, and “Railroad Retirement Board” at the bottom. CMS advises you to program your systems to identify Railroad Medicare patients based on the image of the card. CMS is returning an eligibility transaction response message that will say “Railroad Retirement Medicare Beneficiary” in 271 Loop 2110C, Segment MSG when you enter an MBI for a Fee-For-Service (FFS) Railroad Medicare patient into the HIPAA Eligibility Transaction Systems (HETS). Your eligibility service provider can tell you if they use HETS and how they plan to give you this information.

For more information, see the MLN Transition to New Medicare Numbers and Cards Fact Sheet at https://tinyurl.com/MLNINICN909365 and visit the CMS New Medicare Card Overview page and the New Medicare Card Providers page at the links below.

**CMS New Medicare Card Overview Page**

**CMS New Medicare Card Provider Page**
https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/New-Medicare-Card/Providers/Providers.html
PROVIDER ENROLLMENT

Providers must be enrolled with their local Part B Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) before requesting a Railroad Medicare Provider Transaction Access Number (PTAN). Once you are enrolled with your local MAC, you can request a Railroad PTAN in one of the following ways:

For Electronic Submitters

Change Request (CR) 3440 mandates that all providers submit claims electronically. Only providers that meet the exceptions listed in CR 3440 can be granted a waiver to submit paper claims. You must have a Railroad Medicare PTAN before you can submit claims electronically to Railroad Medicare.

Once you have a pending claim(s), you may request a Railroad Medicare PTAN using our Railroad Medicare PTAN Lookup and Request Tool at www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR/PTAN. Provider Enrollment will no longer accept telephone requests or written requests to enroll a provider.

The tool will verify the provider identification information you enter against the provider’s enrollment record with your local Part B MAC.

The tool will provide you with a reference number and a pdf of your request. Please allow 30 calendar days for the completion of your enrollment request and then return to the tool to retrieve your PTAN information. Do not submit additional requests for the same provider.

After we authenticate your information with the local MAC’s provider enrollment file, we will send you a letter detailing your Railroad Medicare PTAN data. The letter will be sent to the pay-to address that is on the provider’s Part B MAC enrollment record.

NOTE: If the provider information entered on the PTAN Tool does not match your local Part B MAC’s files, you will receive a message informing you that the request cannot be completed.

Please do not submit any electronic claims or a Railroad Medicare Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Enrollment form until you have received your Railroad Medicare PTAN.

For Paper Submitters

Providers that meet the CMS requirements to be waived from filing electronically may submit their initial paper claims to Railroad Medicare to obtain a PTAN. Once a CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form has been submitted to Railroad Medicare, we will obtain your enrollment information from your local MAC and issue the provider a Railroad Medicare PTAN if all information can be verified on your enrollment file.

Prior to submitting claims to Railroad Medicare, please make sure that the information submitted on the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form is consistent with the information on file with your local MAC. This includes the Tax Identification Number (TIN) in Item 25 and the legal business name and payment address in Item 33. If the claim information is incomplete or cannot be verified, you will receive a letter informing you that the request cannot be completed.
CHANGES TO AN EXISTING RAILROAD MEDICARE PTAN

- Please complete all changes with your local MAC first and wait for their notification of completion before submitting the change(s) to Railroad Medicare.
- Submit changes in writing on provider/practice letterhead to our Provider Enrollment unit. Provider Enrollment will not accept telephone requests to update a record.
- Please include the following information:
  - Railroad Medicare PTAN
  - NPI
  - Tax Identification Number
  - Contact information
  - Explanation of the change
  - If requesting an address change, include the prior address and the new address
  - Copy of Part B MAC notice confirming change has been completed

- Fax the request to (803) 382-2415 or submit the request to:
  Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
  Attention: Provider Enrollment
  PO Box 10066
  Augusta, GA 30999
ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER (EFT)

Medicare regulations require payments be received through electronic funds transfer (EFT) for providers newly enrolled in the Railroad Medicare program or providers making changes to their existing enrollment records.

EFT allows a financial institution to deposit Railroad Medicare payments directly into a designated account. There is no charge by Railroad Medicare for this service, and EFT deposits will appear on bank statements. With EFT, you prevent the possibility of checks being lost or delayed in the mail and eliminate the need for staff to prepare daily bank deposits.

NOTE: Providers who receive payment by EFT will continue to receive the standard provider remittance notices (SPRs) unless they elect to receive electronic remittance advices (ERAs).

When you enroll or are making an update to your existing record with Railroad Medicare, we will use the information from your CMS-588 form on file with your local Part B MAC. You will receive a notification with the effective date of the EFT payments from Railroad Medicare. Once you have been established to receive EFT, you are no longer eligible to receive your payments via paper checks.

You can send an email to our Railroad Medicare EFT specialists for answers on topics including:

- Assistance with establishing EFT
- Status of EFT requests
- Verify EFT effective dates
- Request EFT notification letters
- Update banking information

Send your questions to: RRBEFT.ADMIN@palmettogba.com
SUBMITTING CLAIMS ELECTRONICALLY

Palmetto GBA’s Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) encourages providers to submit their claims electronically and to utilize certain electronic features we offer. These electronic services allow providers to submit claims using a computer and software instead of paper. You can also access certain claim and patient eligibility records, and retrieve your remittance notices electronically.

The Administrative Simplification Compliance Act (ASCA) prohibits Medicare coverage of claims submitted to Medicare on paper except in limited situations. All initial claims for reimbursement from Medicare must be submitted electronically with limited exceptions. For more information about ASCA requirements, please see the CMS website at www.cms.gov.

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has approved version 5010 Base and Errata as the exclusive version for all ASC X12N electronic transaction sets used by Medicare. ASC X12 TR3 Implementation Guides for v5010 transactions are available through the ASC X12 Store at http://store.x12.org/store/. New submitters will need to complete the EDI Enrollment Packet to request a Submitter ID. Vendors/Trading Partners will need to complete an EDI Application form to request a Vendor Submitter ID prior to testing. Submitters who use approved vendor-supported systems are not required to submit test claims with Palmetto GBA. If you use PC-ACE Pro32 software, please ensure you are using the most current version of the Palmetto GBA-issued software. The GPNet Communications Manual includes information about GPNet, Palmetto GBA’s EDI Gateway.

ABOUT RAILROAD MEDICARE EDI WEB PAGES

General EDI information articles appear under the General Web page. EDI enrollment forms can be found on the Enrollment Web page. The Software & Manuals Web page includes user manuals and software download information. The Technical Specifications Web page includes Companion documents and other materials in support of the approved ASC transaction sets. The RR EDI FAQ page includes answers to frequently asked EDI questions. Links to the Palmetto GBA EDI Web pages, EDI resources and EDI forms referenced above can be found at www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR/EDI.

HOW TO SUBMIT CLAIMS ELECTRONICALLY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Submitter Options</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clearinghouse/Billing Service</td>
<td>A clearinghouse or billing service acts as an intermediary who forwards and/or retrieves claims and remittances between a provider and Palmetto GBA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct Submitter</td>
<td>Electronic claims submission and remittances through PC ACE Pro32 or a vendor software. Vendor software can enable you to bill your claims electronically and can provide other office accounting functions, such as Electronic Remittance Notices. Electronic Remittances save time by posting automatically to your patients’ accounts. When choosing software it is important to consider whether you plan on using the software for billing only or if you intend to use for both billing and office accounting functions. A Part B Approved 5010 Errata Vendor list is available on our EDI Enrollment Web page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The EDI Enrollment Instructions Guide module has been created to help you determine which forms are required based on your submitter type and how to complete each form. You can find a link to the module on our EDI Enrollment Web age. We ask that you please review the instruction guide before completing any forms. Additional electronic submission information can be downloaded from the Palmetto GBA website at www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR or by contacting the Palmetto GBA EDI Help Desk at 888–355–9165. Press 2 for EDI, then 0 for technical assistance with electronic billing, Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA) and other EDI issues. You may also email us at rrb.edi@palmettogba.com with general EDI questions. Palmetto GBA cannot respond to emails that contain Protected Health Information (PHI).

All submitters must use a Network Service Vendor (NSV) to connect to Palmetto GBA. An NSV provides a secure connection to the Palmetto GBA front-end gateway. An approved network service vendors list is available on our EDI Enrollment Web page to assist you with finding a NSV best suited for your needs.

GET EDI UPDATES

Register on the Palmetto GBA website to receive EDI news electronically. By selecting Listservs at the top of our Web page www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR and completing a user profile, you will be notified via email when new or important EDI information is added to our website. If you have already registered, please ensure your profile has been updated for all new applicable EDI categories, including the EDI topic located under the Railroad Medicare category. Users of Palmetto GBA-provided PC-ACE Pro32 and/or MREP software should select the Palmetto GBA Software Users topic located under the General category. The General category also includes a special topic for Vendors, Clearinghouses and Billing Services.

ELECTRONIC REMITTANCE ADVICE

An Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA) is an electronic version of a paper Explanation of Benefits (EOB). It includes an explanation of claim payment information, claim adjustments and claim denials.

In an effort to advance toward an electronic environment, CMS Change Request 4376 mandated that Part B MACs and Durable Medical Equipment Medicare Administrative Contractors (DME MACs) stop sending standard paper remittances to providers that have been receiving 835 or electronic remittance advice (ERA) transactions, either directly or through a billing agent, clearinghouse, or other entity representing you, for 45 days or more.

CMS has developed MREP (Medicare Remit Easy Print) software to enable physicians and suppliers to read and print the HIPAA-compliant ERA from their computer. Remittance advices printed from the MREP software mirror the current SPR format. MREP uses the HIPAA-compliant 835 format that is sent to you from your MAC. With the MREP software, you will be able to:

- Navigate and view the ERA using your personal computer
- Search and find ERA/claims information easily
- Print the ERA in the SPR format
- Print and export reports about the ERAs including denied, adjusted and deductible-applied claims
- Archive, restore and delete imported ERAs

The MREP software is available to physicians and suppliers free of charge. Additional information is available on our website at www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR. From our home page, select Topics, EDI, and Software & Manuals.
EDI MEDICARE SECONDARY PAYER

Physicians and other suppliers must use the appropriate loops and segments to identify the other payer paid amount, allowed amount, and the obligated to accept payment in full amount on the 837 as identified by the following:

Primary Payer Paid Amount:
For line level services, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the primary payer paid amount for that service line in loop ID 2430 SVD02 of the 837.

For claim level information, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the other payer paid amount for that claim in loop ID 2320 AMT02 AMT01=D of the 837.

Primary Payer Allowed Amount:
For line level services, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the primary payer allowed amount for that service line in the Approved Amount field, loop ID 2400 AMT02 segment with AAE as the qualifier in the 2400 AMT01 segment of the 837.

For claim level information, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the primary payer allowed amount in the Allowed Amount field, Loop ID 2320 AMT02 AMT01 = B6.

Obligated to Accept as Payment in Full Amount (OTAF):
For line level services, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the OTAF amount for that service line in loop 2400 CN102 CN 101 = 09. The OTAF amount must be greater than zero if there is an OTAF amount, or if OTAF applies.

For claim level information, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the OTAF amount in loop 2300 CN102 CN101 = 09. The OTAF amount must be greater than zero if there is an OTAF amount, or if OTAF applies.

Primary Payer Paid Amount:
For line level services, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the primary payer paid amount for that service line in loop ID 2430 SVD02 of the 837.

For claim level information, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the other payer paid amount for that claim in loop ID 2320 AMT02 AMT01=D of the 837.

Primary Payer Allowed Amount:
For line level services, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the primary payer allowed amount for that service line in the Approved Amount field, loop ID 2400 AMT02 segment with AAE as the qualifier in the 2400 AMT01 segment of the 837.

For claim level information, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the primary payer allowed amount in the Allowed Amount field, Loop ID 2320 AMT02 AMT01 = B6.

For claim level information, physicians and other suppliers must indicate the OTAF amount in loop 2300 CN102 CN101 = 09. The OTAF amount must be greater than zero if there is an OTAF amount, or if OTAF applies.
SUBMITTING CLAIMS ELECTRONICALLY, CONTINUED

*MSP Types and Code Lists:*

The MSP type of the primary insurance must be entered in loop 2000B, SBR, 05 (Insurance Type Code) field. If a MSP type is submitted that does not correspond to the information Medicare has on the beneficiary’s file, the claim will be rejected.

MSP categories for other coverage include:

12 – Working Aged; age 65 or over, employer's group plan has at least 20 employees
13 – End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD); 30-month initial coordination period in which other insurance is primary
14 – No-Fault situations; Medicare is secondary if illness/injury results from a no-fault liability
15 – Workers’ Compensation (WC) situations
16 – Federal, other
41 – Black Lung Benefits
43 – Disability; under age 65, person or spouse has active employment status and employer's group plan has at least 100 employees
47 – Liability situations; Medicare is secondary if illness/injury results from a liability situation
SUBMITTING PAPER CLAIMS –
TIPS AND REMINDERS

CMS transitioned providers to the CMS-1500 (02/12) version paper claim form in April 2014. Claims submitted on previous versions of the form will be returned as unprocessable. Paper claims must be submitted on original red and white CMS-1500 (02/12) forms which include the printed information on the back on the form. Photocopies of claims are not accepted.

Paper claims are scanned into the claims processing system. Here are some tips to keep in mind when completing the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form to accommodate our scanning process:

- Print claims using 10, 11 or 12 point Courier or Arial font
- Use capital letters. Mixed case can throw off character recognition (example: “5” can become “S”).
- Use black ink. Red ink and highlighting cannot be read by the scanning equipment.
- Do not use dot-matrix print
- Avoid touching characters. Be sure there is adequate spacing between characters.
- Check the alignment of data on your printed claims before submitting them. Information should be contained within the specifically designated fields.
- Do not use whiteout/correction tape to make corrections for resubmitted claim data
- Do not use rubber stamps or any other form of stamps to submit information on the claim
- Claims that are too light, too dark, misaligned or not legible may be returned to the provider

Palmetto GBA has created an “Interactive CMS-1500 (02/12) Claim Form Tool” to assist providers in correctly completing the paper claim form. On this tool, you can click on each field of the claim form to see instructions for completing that field. You can access the interactive form in the Forms/Tools section of our website homepage at www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR.

Here are tips for completing some specific fields of the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form:

- **Item 1a** is for the patient’s Medicare ID number. Enter the number exactly as it appears on the patient’s Medicare card. Railroad Medicare Health Insurance Claims Numbers (HICNs) begin with 1, 2 or 3 letters followed by 6 or 9 digits. Medicare Beneficiary Identifiers (MBIs) for a Railroad Medicare patient will not be distinguishable from other MBIs. The Railroad Medicare cards issued to people with Railroad Medicare will continue to be distinct with the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB) logo in the top left corner and “Railroad Retirement Board” printed across the bottom of the card.

- **Items 2 and 5** are specifically for the patient’s information. Enter the name of the person who received the services in Item 2. To reduce the possibility of claim rejections, it is imperative that the name match exactly as printed on the Railroad Medicare card.

- **Items 4 and 7** are for the insured’s information. If the patient is the same as the insured, you may enter the word “SAME” in Items 4 and 7.

- **Item 11** is for insurance that is primary to Medicare. Block 11 cannot be left blank on paper claims.
  - If there is no insurance primary to Medicare, enter the word “NONE”
  - If there is insurance that is primary to Medicare, enter the insured’s policy or group number and complete Items 11a–11c as well as Items 4, 6 and 7
Item 17 is used to report the ordering or referring provider

- In the space to the left of the dotted vertical line, before the provider’s name, enter a valid two-letter qualifier to identify the role of the provider. Choose the appropriate qualifier: DN (referring provider), DK (ordering provider) or DQ (supervising provider).
- Enter the provider’s name in the order of first name then last name
- Enter the provider’s complete name spelled as it appears on the CMS Ordering and Referring File at https://data.cms.gov/
- Include a hyphen in the last name only if the last name is hyphenated on the CMS file
- Do not enter middle initials or suffixes such as MD, DO, Jr., etc.
- Do not enter Dr. before the name

Item 17a — Leave blank. Do not enter your Railroad PTAN or any other number in the shaded area.

Item 17b — Enter the ordering/referring/supervising provider’s NPI

Item 21 is for the diagnosis code(s) and the ICD indicator

- In the ICD Indicator field, enter 0 (zero) for ICD-10 codes. Claims submitted without a valid ICD indicator will be rejected as unprocessable.
- Enter up to 12 diagnosis codes in priority order in the fields coded from A to L, and displayed in left to right order on the claim form
- Do not duplicate diagnosis codes. Claims submitted with duplicate diagnoses will be rejected as unprocessable.

Item 24e is for the diagnosis pointer. Enter the appropriate diagnosis code reference letter (A-L) from Item 21 that corresponds with the primary diagnosis for date of service and procedure performed. Enter only one reference number/letter per line item. If multiple services are performed, enter the primary reference number/letter for each service.

Item 24j is for the rendering provider’s NPI number. Leave the shaded portion blank.

Item 24d requires a valid five-character HCPCS or CPT-4 procedure code plus modifier(s), if applicable. Do not type a description of the procedure code(s). Up to four modifiers are allowed per service line.

The Item 24a–j service area can have no more than six (6) lines of service and no more than one service per line
- Leave the shaded memo fields of the 24a–j service area blank. Exception: NDC information for physician-administered drugs for Medicare/Medicaid patients.

Item 29 should only be used to report the total amount the patient paid on covered services. Do not use this field to report the amount a primary insurance paid.

Item 32 requires the name and complete address where the services were rendered. Cannot be a PO Box.

Item 32b — Leave blank. Do not enter your Railroad PTAN or any other number in the shaded area.

Item 33 requires your legal business name and complete payment address

Item 33a is for the NPI of the billing provider or group

Item 33b — Leave blank. Do not enter your Railroad PTAN or any other number in the shaded area.

In Item 32 and Item 33 — Enter the address using the postal address code format (Company Name on Row 1, Company Address on Row 2, and City/State/ZIP on Row 3) to help increase readability.

In Item 32 and Item 33 — Do not submit a phone number below the address. Phone numbers below the address are often picked up as PTANs or ZIP Codes by the scanners.
Problems can occur when modifiers are used incorrectly. The following table, while not all-inclusive, provides a brief description of common Medicare modifiers and some tips for their use. Railroad Medicare only recognizes national modifiers. Local MAC assigned modifiers will cause rejections. Some modifiers are informational only and do not affect claim payment with Railroad Medicare. Refer to the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Level II Code Book, the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) Book, and the Railroad Medicare Modifier Lookup tool on our website for additional modifiers and/or more information. A link to the Modifier Lookup tool can be found under Forms/Tools.

- Up to four modifiers can be submitted on a single claim line. If more than four modifiers are needed to describe the service on that line, submit modifier 99 on the claim line, and list each modifier on the claim in Item 19 of the CMS-1500 (02/12) form or in the Narrative section of the ANSI 5010 EMC Claim.

### AMBULANCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Diagnostic or Therapeutic site other than “P” or “H” when these are used as origin codes (treatment facility)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Residential, domiciliary, custodial facility (other than a 1819 facility) (Nursing Home)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Hospital-based dialysis facility (hospital or hospital-related)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Site of transfer (e.g., airport or helicopter pad) between modes of ambulance transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Non-hospital based dialysis facility (free-standing)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF, 1819 facility, ECF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Physician’s office (includes HMO non-hospital facility, clinic, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Residence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Scene of accident or acute event</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>(Destination code only) Intermediate stop at a physician’s office en-route to the hospital (includes HMO non-hospital facility, clinic, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GM</td>
<td>Multiple patients on one ambulance trip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QL</td>
<td>The patient is pronounced dead after the ambulance was called (it is not necessary to use destination codes as the following outlines).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ambulance providers should combine two alpha characters to create a modifier that describes the origin and destination of the ambulance service. The first position alpha character = origin; the second position alpha character = destination. The two alpha character combinations must be billed in item 24D of the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form or the equivalent field of the ANSI 5010 EMC claim.

### AMBULATORY CARDIAC MONITORING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>QC</td>
<td>Single channel monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QD</td>
<td>Recording and storage in solid state memory by a digital recorder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QT</td>
<td>Recording and storage on tape by an analog tape recorder</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER (ASC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>Discontinued outpatient hospital/ ambulatory surgical center (ASC) procedure prior to the administration of anesthesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>Discontinued outpatient hospital/ ambulatory surgical center (ASC) procedure after the administration of anesthesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TC</td>
<td>Technical Component</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Must be reported for facility charges associated with HCPCS codes that have both a technical and professional component (e.g., radiology services) under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC), cont.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FB</td>
<td>Item provided without cost to provider, supplier or practitioner, or full credit received for replaced device (including covered under warranty, replaced due to defect and free samples)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FC</td>
<td>Partial credit received for replaced device&lt;br&gt;- Report this modifier with the facility charge for the surgery when a device is furnished with a partial credit for a replacement device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SG</td>
<td>Ambulatory surgical center (ASC) facility service. Not required for dates of service on or after January 1, 2008.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Anesthesia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>Anesthesia services performed personally by anesthesiologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AD</td>
<td>Medical supervision by a physician: more than four concurrent anesthesia procedures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G8</td>
<td>Monitored anesthesia care for deep, complex, complicated, or markedly invasive surgical procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G9</td>
<td>Monitored anesthesia care for patient who has history of severe cardio-pulmonary condition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QK</td>
<td>Medical direction of two, three, or four concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individuals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QS</td>
<td>Monitored anesthesia care service (can be billed by a CRNA or a physician)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QX</td>
<td>Qualified nonphysician anesthetist services with medical direction by a physician</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QY</td>
<td>Medical direction of one qualified nonphysician anesthetist by an anesthesiologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QZ</td>
<td>CRNA service without medical direction by a physician</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CPT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Unusual anesthesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Anesthesia by surgeon</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Assistant at Surgery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS</td>
<td>Physician Assistant, Nurse Practitioner or Clinical Nurse Specialist services for assistant at surgery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CPT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>Assistant surgeon&lt;br&gt;- Use for assistant surgeon services rendered by a qualified physician in a non-teaching facility&lt;br&gt;- Allowable for MDs and/or DOs only&lt;br&gt;- The same doctor cannot bill as the surgeon and as the assistant surgeon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>Minimum assistant surgeon&lt;br&gt;- Not to be used for services performed by PAs or RNs&lt;br&gt;- Use for minimal assistant surgeon services rendered by a qualified physician in a non-teaching facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>Assistant surgeon (when qualified resident surgeon not available)&lt;br&gt;- Used for MD and/or DO only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Catastrophe / Disaster

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CR</td>
<td>Catastrophe / Disaster Related</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CS</td>
<td>Item or service related, in whole or in part, to an illness, injury, or condition that was caused by or exacerbated by the effects, direct or indirect, of the 2010 oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico, including but not limited to subsequent clean-up activities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Chiropractor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AT</td>
<td>Acute treatment&lt;br&gt;- Use when providing active/corrective treatment for acute or chronic subluxation&lt;br&gt;- Do not use when providing maintenance therapy&lt;br&gt;- Documentation in the patient’s medical record must support the active nature of the treatment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## NATIONALLY ACCEPTED MEDICARE MODIFIERS, CONTINUED

### CLINICAL TRIALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Q1</td>
<td>Item or service provided as routine care in a Medicare qualifying clinical trial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q0</td>
<td>Item or service provided as non-routine care in a Medicare qualifying clinical trial. Investigational clinical service provided in a clinical research study that is in an approved clinical research study.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CORONARY ARTERIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC</td>
<td>Left circumflex coronary artery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Left anterior descending coronary artery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LM</td>
<td>Left main coronary artery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RC</td>
<td>Right coronary artery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>Ramus intermedius coronary artery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CORRECT CODING (NATIONAL CORRECT CODING INITIATIVE)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 59           | Distinct procedural service  
- Use when documentation indicates the service rendered was distinct or separate from other services performed on the same day. Examples: service was performed in a different session or patient encounter; performed on a different site or organ system, separate incision or excision, separate lesion, or separate injury not ordinarily encountered or performed on the same day by the same physician.  
- In Correct Coding situations, use on the NCCI column II code  
- Use of this modifier does not guarantee a service will be paid separately  
- For NCCI purposes, modifier 59 should **only** be used when **no** other more specific NCCI-associated modifier* is appropriate, and the use of modifier 59 best explains the clinical circumstances  
* See the new distinct procedural service modifiers XE, XS, XP and XU that CMS created as specific subsets of modifier 59  
* See also E1, E2, E3, E4, FA, F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F7, F8, F9, LC, LD, LM, RC, RI, LT, RT, TA, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6, T7, T8, T9, 25, 27, 58, 78, 79 and 91 |
| 25           | Significant, separately identifiable evaluation and management service by the same physician on the same day of the procedure or other service  
- May be used to signify that the E/M service was performed for a reason unrelated to the other procedure in the NCCI code pair  
- Use of this modifier does not guarantee a service will be paid separately |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| XE             | Separate encounter, a service that is distinct because it occurred during a separate encounter  
- Use on the NCCI column II code  
- Use only when another valid NCCI-associated modifier does not describe the separate service  
- Do not use on the same line with modifier 59 or on E/M codes  
- Documentation in the patient’s record must clearly support the use of modifier XE  
- Use of this modifier does not guarantee a service will be paid separately |
| XS             | Separate structure, a service that is distinct because it was performed on a separate organ/structure  
- Use on the NCCI column II code  
- Use only when another valid NCCI-associated modifier does not describe the separate service  
- Do not use on the same line with modifier 59 or on E/M codes  
- Documentation in the patient’s record must clearly support the use of modifier XS  
- Use of this modifier does not guarantee a service will be paid separately |
| XP             | Separate practitioner, a service that is distinct because it was performed by a different practitioner  
- Use on the NCCI column II code  
- Use only when another valid NCCI-associated modifier does not describe the separate service  
- Do not use on the same line with modifier 59 or on E/M codes  
- Documentation in the patient’s record must clearly support the use of modifier XP  
- Use of this modifier does not guarantee a service will be paid separately |
### Correct Coding, Cont.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| XU       | Unusual Non-Overlapping Service, The Use Of A Service That Is Distinct Because It Does Not Overlap Usual Components Of The Main Service  
- Use on the NCCI column II code  
- Use only when another valid NCCI-associated modifier does not describe the separate service  
- Do not use on the same line with modifier 59 or on E/M codes  
- Documentation in the patient’s record must clearly support the use of modifier XU  
- Use of this modifier does not guarantee a service will be paid separately |

### Diagnostic Tests

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TC</td>
<td>Technical component (must be submitted in the first modifier field)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPT Modifier</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Professional component (must be submitted in the first modifier field)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)/Chronic Renal Disease (CRD)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CB             | Service ordered by a renal dialysis facility (RDF) physician as part of the ESRD beneficiary’s dialysis benefit  
- Not part of the composite rate; separately reimbursable |
| EJ             | Subsequent claims for a defined course of therapy, e.g., EOP, Sodium Hyaluronate, infliximab |
| Q3             | Live kidney donor: services associated with postoperative medical complications directly related to the donation |
| AY             | Item or service furnished to an ESRD patient that is not for the treatment of ESRD |

### Erythropoietic Stimulating Agent (ESA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EA</td>
<td>Erythropoietic stimulating agent (ESA) administered to treat anemia due to anti-cancer chemotherapy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EB</td>
<td>Erythropoietic stimulating agent (ESA) administered to treat anemia due to radiotherapy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC</td>
<td>Erythropoietic stimulating agent (ESA) administered to treat anemia not due to anti-cancer radiotherapy or anti-cancer chemotherapy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ED</td>
<td>Hematocrit level has exceeded 39 percent (or hemoglobin level has exceeded 13.0 g/dl) for three or more consecutive billing cycles immediately prior to and including the current cycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EE</td>
<td>Hematocrit level has not exceeded 39 percent (or hemoglobin level has not exceeded 13.0 g/dl) for three or more consecutive billing cycles immediately prior to and including the current cycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GS</td>
<td>Dosage of EPO or Darbepoetin Alfa has been reduced and maintained in response to hematocrit or hemoglobin level</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| JA             | Administered intravenously  
- All providers that submit claims for injections of ESA for ESRD beneficiaries are encouraged to include HCPCS modifier JA or JB on their claims to the route of administration |
| JB             | Administered subcutaneously  
- All providers that submit claims for injections of ESA for ESRD beneficiaries are encouraged to include HCPCS modifier JA or JB on their claims to the route of administration |

### Evaluation and Management

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Prolonged Evaluation and Management (E&amp;M) services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 24           | Unrelated Evaluation and Management service by the same physician during a postoperative period  
- Should only be used by the surgeon for an E&M service rendered during the postoperative period that is totally unrelated to the procedure previously performed  
- Use only with E&M and eye exam codes  
- Supporting documentation in the form of a clearly unrelated diagnosis code and/or additional documentation must be submitted with the claim |
### NATIONALLY ACCEPTED MEDICARE MODIFIERS, CONTINUED

#### EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT, CONT.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modifiers</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 25        | Significant, separately identifiable Evaluation and Management service by the same physician on the same day as a surgical procedure  
- Used by the surgeon on an E&M code performed on the same day as a minor surgical procedure (000 or 010 global days) when the E&M service is significant and separately identifiable from the usual work associated with the surgery  
- Use only with E&M and eye exam codes  
- Documentation in the patient's medical record must support the use of this modifier |
| 57        | Decision for surgery  
- Should only be used when an E&M service performed by the surgeon the day before or the same day as a major surgical procedure (090 global days) resulted in the decision to perform the procedure  
- Use only with E&M and eye exam codes  
- Documentation in the patient's medical record must support the use of this modifier |
| AI        | Principal Physician of Record  
- Identifies the physician that oversees the patient’s care from all other physicians who may be furnishing specialty care  
- Only the principal physician of record may submit this modifier  
- Use on CPT codes 99221-99223 and 99304-99306 |

#### EYE
(These modifiers are informational only. The use of an additional modifier may be required for claim payment.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>Upper left eyelid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2</td>
<td>Lower left eyelid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3</td>
<td>Upper right eyelid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E4</td>
<td>Lower right eyelid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### HOSPICE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Q5             | Service furnished by a substitute physician under a reciprocal billing arrangement  
- Should be submitted with the GV modifier  
- Claim should be billed under the attending physician’s provider number, not the substituting physician’s |
| GW             | Service not related to the hospice patient’s terminal condition |
| GV             | Attending physician not employed or paid under agreement by the patient’s hospice provider |

#### HPSA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| AQ             | Physician providing service in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA)  
- Used only for professional services rendered by a physician |
| AZ             | Dental HPSA |

#### LABORATORY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| LR             | Laboratory round trip  
- Used only with travel fees |
| QP             | Documentation is on file showing that the laboratory test(s) was ordered individually or ordered as a CPT-recognized panel other than automated profile codes 80002-80019, G0058, G0059 and G0060 |
| QW             | CLIA waived test |
| Q4             | Service for ordering/referring physician qualifies as a service exemption |
| TS             | Follow up diabetes screening test performed on individual diagnosed with prediabetes |
## LABORATORY, CONT.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 90           | Reference (outside) laboratory  
  - Item 20 of the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form or the Purchased Service Charges field of the ANSI 5010 EMC claim (Loop 2400, PS1, 02) should be checked “yes” and the purchase price of the test must be indicated  
  - The NPI number of the referring lab must appear in item 32A the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form or in the Facility NPI number field of the ANSI 5010 EMC claim (Loop 2310C, NM1/77, 09) |
| 91           | Repeat clinical diagnostic lab test |

## LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Waiver of liability statement issued as required by paper policy individual case (also known as Advance Beneficiary Notice)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Waiver of liability statement issued as required by payer policy, routine notice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Non-covered item or service that does not have Medicare benefits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GX</td>
<td>Voluntarily obtained a valid Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN). This includes ABNs obtained for services that are “statutorily denied,” such as physical therapy services provided by chiropractors. You may, but are not required to, ask patients to sign ABNs for services that are “statutorily denied.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GZ</td>
<td>Item or service expected to be denied as not reasonable and necessary and an Advanced Beneficiary Notice has not been signed by the beneficiary</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## MISCELLANEOUS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>Determination of refractive state was not performed in the course of diagnostic ophthalmological examination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CG</td>
<td>Policy criteria applied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G0</td>
<td>Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment, of symptoms of an acute stroke</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GG</td>
<td>A screening test was changed to a diagnostic test on the same day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GH</td>
<td>Screening mammogram converted to a diagnostic mammogram on the same day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GT</td>
<td>Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| GQ             | Via asynchronous telecommunications systems  
  - Use only for federal telemedicine demonstrations conducted in Alaska or Hawaii |
| JC             | Skin substitute used as a graft |
| JD             | Skin substitute not used as a graft |
| JW             | Drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient  
  - Use for claims unused drugs or biologicals from single use vials or single use packages that are appropriately discarded  
  - Use on separate claim line for the amount of drug or biological discarded  
  - Document the discarded drug or biological in the patient’s medical record  
  - Do not use for drugs provided under the Competitive Acquisition Program (CAP)  
  - Do not use for discarded drugs or biologicals from multi-use vials |
| KZ             | New coverage not implemented by managed care |
| LT             | Left side (Informational only) |
| PT             | Colorectal cancer screening test; converted to diagnostic test or other procedure  
  - Use with the appropriate CPT code for colonoscopy, flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema when the service is initiated as a colorectal cancer screening service but becomes a diagnostic service  
  - Use with CPT codes 10000 through 69999 |
| QJ             | Service to a prisoner in state or local custody |
| Q5             | Service furnished by a substitute physician under a reciprocal billing arrangement |
| Q6             | Service furnished by a *locum tenens* physician |
| RT             | Right side (Informational only) |
### MISCELLANEOUS, CONTINUED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Mandated services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 33           | Preventive Services: when the primary purpose of the service is the delivery of an evidence based service in accordance with a USPSTF A or B rating in effect and other preventive services identified in preventive services mandates (legislative or regulatory). Examples:  
- Separately payable anesthesia service in conjunction with a screening colonoscopy (CPT code 00810)  
- Advanced Care Planning (ACP) furnished as part of an Annual Wellness Visit  
- Services billed with modifier 33 qualify for waiver of coinsurance and deductible if all other requirements are met  
- Do not use on separately reported services specifically identified as preventive |
| 76           | Repeat procedure by the same physician                                       |
| 77           | Repeat procedure by a different physician                                    |
| 99           | Multiple modifiers  
- Use only when more than four modifiers are necessary per line item  
- Use Item 19 of the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form to enter all of the applicable modifiers for paper claims  
- Use the Documentation Record to enter all of the applicable modifiers for electronic claims |

### MUSCULOSKELETAL (These modifiers are informational only. An additional modifier may be required for claim payment.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FA</td>
<td>Left hand, thumb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Left hand, second digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F2</td>
<td>Left hand, third digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F3</td>
<td>Left hand, fourth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F4</td>
<td>Left hand, fifth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F5</td>
<td>Right hand, thumb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F6</td>
<td>Right hand, second digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F7</td>
<td>Right hand, third digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F8</td>
<td>Right hand, fourth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F9</td>
<td>Right hand, fifth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TA</td>
<td>Left foot, great toe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T1</td>
<td>Left foot, second digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T2</td>
<td>Left foot, third digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T3</td>
<td>Left foot, fourth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4</td>
<td>Left foot, fifth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5</td>
<td>Right foot, great toe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T6</td>
<td>Right foot, second digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T7</td>
<td>Right foot, third digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T8</td>
<td>Right foot, fourth digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T9</td>
<td>Right foot, fifth digit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### OPT OUT PROVIDERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GJ</td>
<td>Opt out physician or practitioner emergency or urgent service</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PODIATRY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Q7</td>
<td>One class A finding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q8</td>
<td>Two class B findings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q9</td>
<td>One class B and two class C findings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Nationally Accepted Medicare Modifiers, Continued

### Portable X-ray

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN</td>
<td>Two patients served (used with procedure R0075)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UP</td>
<td>Three patients served (used with procedure R0075)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UQ</td>
<td>Four patients served (used with procedure R0075)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UR</td>
<td>Five patients served (used with procedure R0075)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>Six or more patients served (used with procedure R0075)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Provider Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AE</td>
<td>Registered Dietician</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH</td>
<td>Clinical Psychologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AJ</td>
<td>Clinical Social Worker</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Radiology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CT</td>
<td>Computed tomography services furnished using equipment that does not meet each of the attributes of the national electrical manufacturers association (NEMA) XR-29-2013 standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FX</td>
<td>X-ray taken using film</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY</td>
<td>X-ray taken using computed radiography technology/cassette based imaging</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Physical Therapy / Occupational Therapy / Speech Language Pathology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GN</td>
<td>Service delivered personally by a speech-language pathologist or under an outpatient speech-language pathology plan of care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GO</td>
<td>Service delivered personally by an occupational therapist or under an outpatient occupational therapy plan of care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP</td>
<td>Service delivered personally by a physical therapist or under an outpatient physical therapy plan of care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KX</td>
<td>Patient has met the KX modifier threshold for PT/SLP or OT, and the service qualifies as a medical necessary ‘exception’ to be reimbursed over and above the threshold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH</td>
<td>0% impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CI</td>
<td>At least 1 percent but less than 20 percent impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CJ</td>
<td>At least 20 percent but less than 40 percent impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CK</td>
<td>At least 40 percent but less than 60 percent impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CL</td>
<td>At least 60 percent but less than 80 percent impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM</td>
<td>At least 80 percent but less than 100 percent impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CN</td>
<td>100 percent impaired, limited or restricted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Surgery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Unusual procedural services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Use only in conjunction with surgical procedure codes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Submit operative report and/or a written detailed description with the initial claim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Bilateral procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Refer to the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB) bilateral indicator to determine if modifier is applicable to a particular procedure code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Used on codes with bilateral indicators 1 or 3 when service is performed bilaterally</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Should be used for some ophthalmology diagnostic tests</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NATIONALLY ACCEPTED MEDICARE MODIFIERS, CONTINUED

**SURGERY, CONTINUED**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 51       | Multiple procedures  
- Refer to the “Mult Surg” indicator in the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule database (MPFSDB) to determine if CPT modifier 51 is applicable to a particular procedure code  
- We strongly recommend that you do not submit this modifier to Palmetto GBA. Palmetto GBA will apply this modifier to indicate when multiple procedure pricing rules have been used to calculate the reimbursement.  |
| 52       | Reduced services  
- Use when less than the full service is performed (the submitted amount should be reduced accordingly)  
- Should be supported by documentation and a brief statement of explanation to clarify the reduction  |
| 53       | Discontinued procedure  
- Attach operative notes to the initial claim  
- Claims without the proper documentation will be denied and must be resubmitted for payment  |
| 54       | Surgical care only  
- Use with surgery code to indicate postoperative care was done in part or whole by another provider  
- Includes coverage for the surgical procedure and the preoperative care  |
| 55       | Postoperative management only  
- Use with the surgery code  
- The date of service should always be the same as the date of the surgery  
- The date the provider assumed and relinquished care should be indicated in Item 19 of the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form. On an ANSI 5010 EMC claim, the dates can be entered into either the narrative section (Loop 2300 or 2400, NTE, 02) or in the Assumed & Relinquished Care Dates section (Loop 2300, DTP/90 or 91, 03)  
- The total number of post-operative days the provider was responsible for should be indicated in Item 24G of the CMS-1500 (02/12) claim form or the equivalent days or units of service field on the ANSI 5010 EMC claim  
- Billing for the number of times the provider saw the patient during the post-operative period, rather than the number of post-operative days the provider was responsible for, will result in an underpayment  |
| 58       | Staged or related procedure or service by the same physician during the postoperative period  
If the surgeon performs a subsequent surgery related to the original surgery, the surgery may be paid separately if it:  
- Is a staged procedure  
- Is a more extensive procedure than the original  
- Involves therapy following a diagnostic surgical procedure  |
| 62       | Two surgeons  
- The surgeons must have different specialties or documentation must be available to verify the necessity for two surgeons of the same specialty  
- An assistant at surgery may not be billed when co-surgeons are billed  |
| 66       | Surgical team  |
| 78       | Return to the operating room for a related procedure during the postoperative period  
- Use only if the procedure is related to complications of the previous procedure  
- Use only when procedures are performed in an operating room, cardiac catheterization suite, laser suite, or endoscopy suite  
- Use on surgical procedures only  
- Does not start a new global period  |
| 79       | Unrelated procedure or service by the same physician during the postoperative period  
- Use only when the procedure performed is unrelated to the previous procedure  
- Use on surgical procedures only  
- Starts a new global period  |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>Surgery wrong body part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PB</td>
<td>Surgery wrong patient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC</td>
<td>Surgery wrong patient</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Modifier</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GC</td>
<td>This service has been performed in part by a resident under the direction of a teaching physician</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GE</td>
<td>This service has been performed by a resident without the presence of a teaching physician under the primary care exception</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The ABN is a notice given to beneficiaries to convey that Medicare is not likely to provide coverage in a specific case because it is not considered medically reasonable and necessary by Medicare. Providers must complete the ABN per CMS requirements and deliver the notice to affected beneficiaries or their representative before providing the items or services that are the subject of the notice.

**ABN Requirements:**

All providers are required to use the current CMS ABN form, available on the CMS website at [https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/ABN.html](https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/ABN.html). The ABN form and instructions for completing the form can be found under **Downloads**.

Notices placed on the CMS site can be downloaded and should be used as is because the ABN is a standardized OMB-approved notice. However, you may customize some fields of the ABN to integrate the ABN into other automated business. ABNs must be reproduced on a single page.

- It is not appropriate to ask patients to sign an ABN for every service
- The ABN form must be:
  - Presented to the patient before the service or procedure is initiated
  - Verbally reviewed with the beneficiary or his/her representative and any questions raised during that review must be answered before it is signed
  - Delivered far enough in advance that the beneficiary or representative has time to consider the options and make an informed choice
- Maintain a signed copy of the form in the patient's medical record
Claims that are submitted with missing, incomplete or invalid information may be rejected as unprocessable. A claim that has been rejected may be identified by the following remittance advice message:

- MA130 — *Your claim contains incomplete and/or invalid information, and not appeal rights are afforded because the claim is unprocessable. Please submit a new claim with the complete/correct information.*

Rejected claims do not have appeal rights and should be resubmitted as new claims with the correct information. If you are required to submit electronic claims, do not resubmit a rejected claim on paper.

If you request an appeal on a claim rejected with MA130, your request will be dismissed. This will further delay the adjudication process of your claim.

Read your remittance advice to find out the specific reason for rejection so you can make the necessary corrections and submit a new claim. In addition to message MA130, your remittance advice should contain specific remittance advice remark codes that explain the reason for rejection.

The following chart contains some of the most common rejections and their solutions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REJECTION</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>SOLUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N382</td>
<td>Missing/incomplete/invalid patient identifier.</td>
<td>The HICN or Medicare Beneficiary Identifier is missing or invalid.</td>
<td>Enter the correct HICN or Medicare Beneficiary Identifier in Block 1a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA83</td>
<td>Did not indicate whether we are the primary or secondary payer.</td>
<td>Item 11 is blank.</td>
<td>If Railroad Medicare is primary insurance for the beneficiary, enter “NONE” in Item 11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA04</td>
<td>Secondary payment cannot be considered without the identity of or payment information from the primary payer. The information was either not reported or was illegible.</td>
<td>Paper claims: There is a policy number and/or insurance name in Item 11 but no EOB attached, wrong EOB attached, or EOB is illegible. Electronic claims: Incorrect or missing MSP type code.</td>
<td>Paper claims: Attach the EOB from the primary insurer. EOB must be legible and complete. Electronic claims: Complete the primary insurance fields with correct MSP type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N265 N276</td>
<td>Missing/incomplete/invalid ordering provider primary identifier. Missing/incomplete/invalid other payer referring provider identifier.</td>
<td>Item 17b - The referring / ordering provider NPI is blank or invalid.</td>
<td>Enter a valid NPI for the referring/ordering provider’s name listed in Item 17 along with the correct qualifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REJECTION</td>
<td>DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>PROBLEM</td>
<td>SOLUTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
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<td>---------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| MA120     | Missing/incomplete/invalid CLIA certification number. | • The CLIA # is not in Item 23 of the claim  
• The CLIA # has too few or too many characters  
• The CLIA # is not legible | • Enter your correct CLIA # in Item 23  
• Enter the CLIA # using the correct format |
| N657      | This should be billed with the appropriate code for these services. The diagnosis is inconsistent with the procedure. | • Item 21 – Invalid/missing or truncated diagnosis  
• Item 21 – Invalid or missing ICD Indicator (9 for ICD-9, or 0 for ICD-10)  
• Item 24e – Missing or invalid diagnosis pointer  
• Item 21 – Duplicate diagnosis | • Refer to the most recent ICD-CM coding for correct/most specific diagnosis for your date of service  
• In item 21, do not list the same diagnosis more than once  
• Enter the correct ICD indicator  
• In Item 24e, enter one letter (A-L) from Item 21 to indicate the corresponding primary diagnosis code for the date of service and procedure performed |
<p>| M76       | Missing/incomplete/invalid diagnosis or condition | | |
| M52       | Incomplete/invalid “from” date(s) of service. | Item 24A is blank or contains an invalid date of service. | Enter complete and valid “from” and “to” dates of service. |
| M77       | Missing/incomplete/invalid/inappropriate place of service. | Item 24B – Missing/incorrect/invalid two-digit place of service code. | Make sure you are using the correct two-digit place of service code for the services you are billing. |
| M51       | Missing/incomplete/invalid procedure code(s). | Item 24D – Incorrect/invalid procedure code. | Make sure the procedure code is valid for the DOS and has been keyed/printed correctly. |
| N620      | This procedure is not payable unless appropriate non-payable reporting codes and associated modifiers are submitted. | Item 24D – Missing or invalid reporting codes and the associated modifiers. | The appropriate reporting codes and associated modifiers should be submitted with this procedure code. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REJECTION</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>SOLUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MA81</td>
<td>Missing/incomplete/invalid provider/supplier signature.</td>
<td>Item 31 is blank and/or has an unacceptable entry. The name of a facility or supplier is not acceptable (example: ambulance company name, laboratory name, ASC name).</td>
<td>Enter an acceptable signature. Acceptable claim signatures include: handwritten, pre-printed, computer generated, or typed name of provider or authorized employee/billing agent, and/or signature on file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA114</td>
<td>Missing/incomplete/invalid information on where services were furnished.</td>
<td>Item 32 is blank and/or has an unacceptable entry (PO Boxes are unacceptable).</td>
<td>The complete name, street address, city, state and ZIP Code of the facility where services were rendered must be entered in Item 32.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Palmetto GBA is pleased to offer eServices, our free, secure, Internet-based, provider self-service portal. The eServices portal provides information access over the Web for the following online services:

- Patient Eligibility
- Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI) Lookup Tool
- Claims Status
- Remittances Online
- eClaim Submissions
- Financial Information – Payment Floor, Last Three Checks Paid, eOffset requests, and eCheck refund payments
- Appeals Submissions – Reopenings and Redeterminations
- Medical Review ADR Response Form
- General Inquiry Request Form
- eDelivery of Medical Review and Claims ADR letters, Medicare Redetermination Notices, Overpayment Demand Letters and General Correspondence Responses via your Message inbox
- eReview – eCBR, eUtilization, and eAudit

You can participate in eServices if you have a signed electronic data interchange (EDI) Enrollment Agreement on file with Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare, and have had a Railroad Medicare claim processed. If you are already submitting claims electronically to Railroad Medicare, you do not have to submit a new EDI Enrollment Agreement.

**Note:** Only one provider administrator per PTAN/NPI combination performs the registration process. The provider administrator can grant permissions to additional users related to that PTAN/NPI combination. Billing services and clearing houses should contact their provider clients to gain access to the system.

**Registration and Login**

To register, you will need your Railroad Medicare Provider Number (PTAN), NPI, Tax ID number and the amount of the last Railroad Medicare payment you received. You must register for each PTAN/NPI combination separately. Each combination will be assigned a unique User ID.

Use the following instructions to register for and access the portal. If you are having problems registering or have questions, please view our eServices User Manual and eServices FAQs under eServices Portal Resources at [www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR](http://www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR).

To register on our website:

- Go to [www.PalmettoGBA.com/eServices](http://www.PalmettoGBA.com/eServices)
- Click on the **Register Now** button in the New User Box
- Complete the online form (choose “Railroad Specialty Medicare Administrative Contractor” under **Line of Business**)
- Click **Submit**
- Make a note of your User ID
- Choose your security questions and answers
- Choose your password
- Verify your email address by accessing the link in your verification email
- Login as a Returning User
Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)

Due to increased CMS security requirements, all eServices portal users must now use Multi-factor Authentication (MFA) when accessing an eServices account. Effective July 1, 2017, all eServices user accounts that had not already signed up for MFA were automatically set to MFA with the email address associated with the user ID. Users may choose to add a mobile phone number on their eServices My Account tab as an optional method of MFA verification.

How It Works:

MFA adds an extra layer of security to your eServices account. You must receive and enter an MFA verification code each time you log into the portal.

1. You will enter your account password as usual.
2. Then, you will select your preferred method of delivery between email or a text message (if you have added a mobile phone number to your account).
3. Once you receive your verification code by email or by text, you will enter it in the verification box, hit Submit, and you're in.

Currently, MFA is required as part of each login attempt. Starting February 1, 2018, providers will be able to use their MFA codes for up to eight hours. MFA codes will expire eight hours from the time it was requested or when a new MFA code is generated.

Note: MFA is separate process from profile verification. You will be prompted to complete profile verification during initial account setup, any time you update your eServices user profile, and when it has been 80 days since your last profile verification.

To add a mobile phone number to your account:

1. After logging into eServices, you will go to the MyAccount tab.
2. You will then enter your mobile phone number and carrier name in the fields at the bottom of the screen. As you type in the carrier field, a list of carrier options will display in a list. You must select the carrier that is associated with your mobile number. Failure to select the appropriate carrier will result in undeliverable MFA codes messages. If your carrier is not listed, you will not be eligible to receive the MFA code via test message.

Note: Providers who have linked their accounts will only need to add a mobile phone number for their default account.

For step-by-step instructions on authenticating using MFA, please see the eServices User Manual.
USING THE INTERACTIVE VOICE RESPONSE (IVR) SYSTEM

Claim status, beneficiary eligibility and duplicate remittance notices should be requested by calling our Railroad Medicare Interactive Voice Response (IVR) System.

- The IVR line is available Monday through Friday, from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. Eastern Time
- General Medicare information is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week
- Our peak calling times are between 12 p.m. to 3 p.m. Eastern Time

CMS mandates that claim status and beneficiary eligibility must be obtained through the IVR system. As an alternative to the IVR, use our eServices internet portal. See page 25 for details.

Railroad Medicare’s Interactive Voice Response (IVR) system allows providers access to:

- **Eligibility** — Gives Part B benefits such as entitlement dates, termination dates, date of death (voiced as a termination date), deductible, physical and occupational therapy
- **Eligibility for a Specific Date of Service** — Gives the following eligibility data for a specific date of service entered in MMDDYYYY format. The DOS can be up to 27 months in the past and up to four months in the future.
  - Hospice
  - Skilled Nursing
  - Pneumonia Vaccination
- **Benefits** — Gives Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP), Managed Care, Medicare Advantage Plan, Hospice, Skilled Nursing, Home Health (only states if currently enrolled) and Pneumonia benefits
- **Claim Status** — Gives the following status information for a date of service entered in MMDDYYYY format:
  - Claim is pending, processed, paid, rejected or denied
  - The payment details for paid claims
  - The Internal Control Number (ICN) for the claim (all claims types except rejections)
  - No claim on file for the date of service
- **Payment Information** — Payment Floor gives pending count as of year to date. Last Three Checks gives information on the last three checks issued.
- **Remittance Advice** — Gives option to request a duplicate remittance by check number or by patient Medicare number
- **Redetermination/Reopening Status** — Gives status of redetermination or reopening request (upheld, reversed, not found, dismissed, or pending) when caller enters the 13-digit claim Internal Control Number
- **Redeterminations** — Gives redetermination guidelines only
- **General Information** — Gives eligibility, managed care, multiple surgery guidelines. Educates on Advance Beneficiary Notices and gives the hours of operation.
- **Website Address** — Gives address for CMS and Palmetto GBA
- **NPI verification** — Callers must enter their NPI, PTAN, and last five digits of the Tax ID. The IVR will check a crosswalk table for Railroad Medicare and state if the NPI is on file.
To access the IVR system, call 877–288–7600.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initial IVR Menu Options</th>
<th>Press</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Claim Status, Eligibility Information, Duplicate Remittance, Redetermination Status,</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Request a Reopening or General Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPI Verification</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Service, Provider Enrollment, Reopenings, or EDI Telephone Numbers</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Our Mailing Address and Hours of Operation</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Main Menu**

**After the pressing 1 on the initial menu, you will be offered the following options:**

- To receive information on a specific claim or inquiry of a claim (requires ICN number), press 1
- To receive payment information, press 2
- To check Medicare eligibility, benefits and deductible information, press 3
- To request a copy of your Medicare remittance notice, press 4
- To change the NPI or PTAN, press 5
- To receive instructions on how Medicare pays and the redetermination process, press 6
- For a list of website addresses about new legislation, other provider issues, provider workshops, and the top ten claim submission errors, press 7
- To receive general information or hours of operation, press 8
- To end the call, press 9

Provider and beneficiary authentication elements will be requested before you will be able to access provider and patient specific information from our Medicare files. The tables below explain how to enter the required provider and beneficiary information into the IVR. 

You can also use the IVR Conversion Tool located under Forms/Tools on our website’s homepage to convert the provider’s PTAN and the beneficiary’s Medicare Number and name.

**How to enter the provider’s PTAN:**

The following table should be utilized to enter alphabetic characters of the provider’s PTAN. For example: If the PTAN is the individual number of P, then enter *7. If the PTAN is the group number listed contains the letters CM, then enter *23 followed by the other numeric characters. Please note that the provider’s PTAN, NPI and Tax ID must correspond. This means if you enter an individual PTAN, then the individual NPI for that provider must be entered. If you enter a group PTAN, then the group NPI for that provider must be entered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>H</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>J</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*21</td>
<td>*22</td>
<td>*23</td>
<td>*31</td>
<td>*32</td>
<td>*33</td>
<td>*41</td>
<td>*42</td>
<td>*43</td>
<td>*51</td>
<td>*52</td>
<td>*53</td>
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<tr>
<td>N</td>
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<td>Q</td>
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<td>V</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Z</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*62</td>
<td>*63</td>
<td>*71</td>
<td>*72</td>
<td>*73</td>
<td>*74</td>
<td>*81</td>
<td>*82</td>
<td>*83</td>
<td>*91</td>
<td>*92</td>
<td>*93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The provider’s NPI and Tax identification number will be entered corresponding to the key pad on the telephone.
**How to enter the letters in a patient’s Medicare Number:**

The following table should be utilized to enter each letter in a patient’s Medicare number. For example: If the Medicare number begins with or contains a letter A, enter *21 to represent the “A”. The numbers in a Medicare ID Number should be entered using the corresponding number keys on your telephone keypad.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>H</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>J</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*21</td>
<td>*22</td>
<td>*23</td>
<td>*31</td>
<td>*32</td>
<td>*33</td>
<td>*41</td>
<td>*42</td>
<td>*43</td>
<td>*51</td>
<td>*52</td>
<td>*53</td>
<td>*61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N</th>
<th>O</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>Q</th>
<th>R</th>
<th>S</th>
<th>T</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>V</th>
<th>W</th>
<th>X</th>
<th>Y</th>
<th>Z</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*62</td>
<td>*63</td>
<td>*71</td>
<td>*72</td>
<td>*73</td>
<td>*74</td>
<td>*81</td>
<td>*82</td>
<td>*83</td>
<td>*91</td>
<td>*92</td>
<td>*93</td>
<td>*94</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**How to enter the beneficiary’s last name and first initial:**

When checking eligibility, if the last name is less than six letters, all alpha characters must be entered followed by the (#) sign along with the patient’s initial of the first name. If the last name has less than six letters followed by suffix of “Jr.” or “Sr.,” enter the last name followed by the first initial of the suffix. For example, if the beneficiary’s name shows in HIMR as John Kneer Sr., enter the numbers that correspond with the letters K-N-E-E-R-S- # followed by “J” for John.

If the last name has more than six letters (such as Brad Johnson Jr.), you will only use the first six letters of the last name Johnson. If the last name and the suffix are less than six letters combined, do not add any additional characters or numbers; simply press the pound key.

The following table should be utilized to enter the first characters of the beneficiary’s last name and first initial. For example: If the beneficiary’s name is Mary Smith, enter 76484 for Smith and 6 for Mary. For a beneficiary with the name of Steve McDonald, enter 623662 for McDonald and 7 for Steve.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABC</th>
<th>DEF</th>
<th>GHI</th>
<th>JKL</th>
<th>MNO</th>
<th>PQRS</th>
<th>TUV</th>
<th>WXYZ</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The patient’s date of birth must be entered in the format of MMDDYYYY and will correspond with the telephone key pad on the telephone.

**NPI Verification Option**

NPI verification is Option 2 on the Initial IVR menu. On this option, you will be prompted to enter the provider’s NPI, PTAN, and last five digits of the Tax ID. The IVR will check a crosswalk table for Railroad Medicare and state if the NPI is on file. PTANS are entered the same as they are in the IVR.

The IVR currently voices the following:

- If the caller enters an NPI and PTAN that match but the Tax ID does not, the IVR voices, “The tax identification number entered is not valid”
- If the caller enters an NPI that is on file, but the PTAN does not match the NPI, the IVR voices, “We do not have… in our records. Please verify the PTAN”
- If the caller enters an NPI that is not on file, the IVR voices, “The NPI, PTAN, and Tax ID combination that you entered is not on file with Railroad Medicare”
After Using the IVR

If after using the IVR you discover that your claim has rejected or denied, or if you have any additional questions regarding your claim, you may call Customer Service toll-free by dialing 888–355–9165. Press 5 for Customer Service, and then to speak with a Customer Service Advocate, press 0.

Please note: Customer Service Advocates are available from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. for all time zones with the exception of Pacific Time (PT) which receives service from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. PT.

CMS requires providers to use the IVR to access claim status and beneficiary eligibility information.

When you call the toll-free 888–355–9165 line, the system provides the following options:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To Access:</th>
<th>Key to Press</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Claim Status or Eligibility Information</td>
<td>Press 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI or eServices</td>
<td>Press 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provider Enrollment</td>
<td>Press 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone Reopening</td>
<td>Press 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Service</td>
<td>Press 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Our Mailing Address and Hours of Operation</td>
<td>Press 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To repeat this menu</td>
<td>Press 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

After choosing Option 5 for Customer Service, the system provides the following options:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Key to Press</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For information on pre-authorization guidelines for items or services</td>
<td>Press 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To speak with a Customer Service Representative</td>
<td>Press 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To return to the Main Menu</td>
<td>Press 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To repeat these options</td>
<td>Press 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RAILROAD MEDICARE APPEALS AND REOPENINGS PROCESSES

Medicare offers five levels in the Part B appeals process. The levels, listed in order are:

1. Redetermination by the Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC/SMAC)
2. Reconsideration by a Qualified Independent Contractor (QIC)
3. Hearing by an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ)
4. Review by the Medicare Appeals Council within the Departmental Appeals Board (DAB)
5. Judicial review in the U.S. Federal District Court

First Level of Appeal: Redetermination by a Medicare Contractor

If you are dissatisfied with the initial determination of your claim, you may file a request for redetermination by one of the following methods:

- On a Railroad Medicare Redetermination Request form from our website at [www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR/Forms](http://www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR/Forms);
- On an eServices First Level Appeal eForm (see page 25 for more information); or
- Via the esMD (Electronic Submission of Medical Documentation) mechanism. For more information about esMD, please see the CMS website at [www.cms.gov/esmd](http://www.cms.gov/esmd)

If you are requesting an appeal of an overpayment, please use the Railroad Medicare Redetermination Overpayment Appeal Request Form, which is located on our website under Forms, or the Overpayment Appeal eForm in eServices.

Appeals requests can be faxed to (803) 462–2218.

If you do not wish to use a form to file a redetermination or an overpayment appeal, you can send in a written and signed request expressing disagreement with the initial determination. Your request must contain the following information:

- Beneficiary name
- Beneficiary Medicare ID number
- Date(s) of service for which the initial determination was issued
- The service/item that are at issue in the appeal
- The name and signature of the party or the representative of the party. A signature must be handwritten; electronic signatures suffice for appeals submitted through the eServices portal.

Important Redetermination Information:

1. Some denials can be adjusted via telephone reopening. See our website at [www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR](http://www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR) for more details about the Reopenings process.
2. Timeframe: 120 days from the receipt of the initial determination. The notice of initial determination is presumed to be received five (5) days from the date of the notice.
3. When submitting medical documentation such as operative notes, ambulance trip reports, radiology reports, etc, a valid signature must be present to signify knowledge, approval, acceptance or obligation. See CMS IOM Pub. 100-08, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4 – Signature Requirements for details.
4. Services that are rejected with Remittance Advice Remark Code (RARC) MA130 do not have appeal rights. These claims should be resubmitted as new claims with the correct information. To determine what is missing or invalid on these rejections, refer to the RARC and Claim Adjustment Reason Code (CARC) in the MOA, REM and Glossary sections of your remittance advice. For help reading your remittance advice, see our Interactive Remittance Advice Tool under Forms/Tools on our website home page. Also see the RETURN REJECT TROUBLESHOOTER on pages 22–24 of this guide.

**Railroad Medicare Redetermination Status Tool**

To find the status of your redetermination request, use the Redetermination Status Tool found in the “Forms/Tools” sections of our home page. Enter the Internal Control Number (ICN) of the claim in question and click **Search Now**. The ICN for the claim is located on your remittance notice on the same line as the patient's name. If you submitted more than one appeal for the same claim, the tool will display the results from your first level of appeal.

**Second Level of Appeal: Reconsideration by a Qualified Independent Contractor (QIC)**

A party to the redetermination may request a reconsideration if dissatisfied with the redetermination. A QIC will conduct the reconsideration. The introduction of QICs allows for an independent review of medical necessity issues by a panel of physicians or other health care professionals.

**Important Reconsideration Information:**
1. A written reconsideration request must be filed within **180 days of receipt of the redetermination decision.**
2. To request a reconsideration, follow the instructions on your Medicare Redetermination Notice (MRN).

**Third Level of Appeal: Hearing by an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ)**

For hearing requests filed on or after January 1, 2018, if at least $160 remains in controversy following the QIC’s decision, a party to the reconsideration may request an ALJ hearing. This amount will remain at $160 for ALJ Hearing requests filed on or after January 1, 2019.

**Important ALJ Information:**
1. An ALJ hearing request must be filed within **60 days of receipt of the reconsideration decision.**
2. Refer to the reconsideration decision letter for details regarding the procedures for requesting an ALJ hearing.

**Fourth Level of Appeal: Review by the Medicare Appeals Council / Departmental Appeals Board (DAB)**

If a party to the ALJ hearing is dissatisfied with the ALJ’s decision, the party may request a review by the Medicare Appeals Council/Departmental Appeals Board (DAB).

**Important DAB Information:**
1. The request for Appeals Council review must be submitted in writing **within 60 days of receipt of the ALJ’s decision,** and must specify the issues or findings being contested.
2. Refer to the ALJ decision for details regarding the procedures to follow when filing a request for Appeals Council review.
RAILROAD MEDICARE APPEALS AND REOPENINGS PROCESSES, CONTINUED

Fifth Level of Appeal: Judicial Review in Federal District Court

For hearing requests filed on or before December 31, 2018, if $1,600 or more is still in controversy following the Appeals Council’s decision, a party to the decision may request judicial review before a U. S. District Court judge. This amount will increase to $1,630 for appeals to Federal District Court filed on or after January 1, 2019.

**Important Judicial Review in Federal District Court Information:**

1. The appellant must file the request for review within **60 days of receipt of the DAB’s decision**.
2. The Appeals Council’s decision will contain information about the procedures for requesting judicial review.

CLERICAL ERROR CORRECTIONS – BY TELEPHONE

The Reopenings process allows for the correction of minor errors and omissions on claims without pursuing the formal appeals process. Requests to reopen an initial claim to correct minor errors or omissions can be made in writing or by phone on our toll-free Reopenings line at 888–355–9165. The Reopenings line is available Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. in all time zones with the exception of PT, which receives service from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. Press 4 for Telephone Reopenings. A total of three qualifying requests will be accepted per phone call.

When calling to request a claim correction, please be prepared to provide the following information (*items must match exactly):

- Your name with business telephone number
- Railroad Medicare Provider Transaction Access Number (PTAN)*
- Provider NPI Number*
- Last 5 digits of the provider Tax Identification Number (TIN)*
- Beneficiary’s Medicare number*
- Beneficiary’s last name and first initial*
- Date of service
- Reason for the request including new or corrected information

Claim corrections can include:

- Number of services/units
- Add, change or delete certain modifiers
- Transposed procedure or diagnostic codes
- Erroneous denials (such as duplicates)
- Place of service; or
- Date of service (excluding a change in the year)

**Note:** The addition/correction of any of this information that results in a medical necessity decision will not be eligible for a telephone reopening. Also, if your claim was rejected as unprocessable (MA130), a new corrected claim must be submitted. Corrections will not be made on this phone line.

The following issues are redeterminations and must be submitted in writing:

- Limitation of liability
- Medical necessity denials and reductions
- Analysis of documents such as operative reports, clinical summaries, etc.
OVERPAYMENT REFUND
INFORMATION

Overpayments are Medicare funds that a provider has received which are over and above what is due and payable to them. Any overpayment is a debt owed to the United States government and must be recovered. Some examples of overpayments are:

- Payment based on a charge that exceeds the reasonable charge
- Duplicate processing of charges/claims
- Payment made to wrong payee
- Payment for non-covered items and services, including medically unnecessary services
- Incorrect application of the deductible or coinsurance
- Payment for items or services rendered during a period of non-entitlement
- Primary payment for items or services for which another entity is the primary payer

By refunding voluntarily, your office may avoid being assessed interest and being offset from funds that are due to you on pending claims (see the following paragraph on how to avoid interest and claim offset). Checks should be made payable to Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare. You may also make payment electronically via the sServices portal using eCheck. Please reference page 25 of this guide for more information on eServices. A copy of the remittance notice should be returned with the refund check and the Railroad Medicare Voluntary Refund Overpayment – Check Enclosed form on our website. These can be attached when using eCheck as well.

Note: Only use the “Voluntary Refund Overpayment-Check Enclosed” form when sending in payment (either with a check or when paying via eCheck on eServices). If you want a claim adjusted and require a demand letter to be sent prior to sending payment, use the “Reopening: Simple Claim Correction” form found on our website.

Completed forms and checks can be returned to:

Palmetto GBA – Railroad Medicare
Medicare Part B – Finance & Accounting
P.O. Box 367
Augusta, GA 30999-0001

Once an overpayment notice has been received, you have 30 days from the date of the letter to refund before interest begins to accrue and 40 days from the date of the letter before offset begins. If a refund check is not received, payment on future claims will be offset. Offset information can be found on the last page of the remittance notice. Offsets are taken from the entire payment due to the provider, not an individual beneficiary/account.

Immediate Offset
As an alternative to refunding Railroad Medicare by check or eCheck, you may request an immediate offset (recoupment) once an overpayment has been established and a demand letter has been sent.

You may request an immediate offset each time you receive a demanded overpayment or you can make a permanent request for all future demanded overpayments. Recoupments that are associated with an immediate offset are considered a voluntary repayment of a debt.

Electing the immediate offset process may avoid the assessment of interest if the immediate offset satisfies the overpayment in full before aging 31 days from the date of the initial demand letter. While an immediate offset request will be processed as soon as possible, the request does not guarantee that Railroad Medicare – Quick Reference Guide
January 2019
interest will not accrue on the overpayment. To eliminate the risk of interest accruing, your request should be submitted as soon as possible after being notified of the debt.

Please note that immediate offset requests can only be honored if there are pending payments in the Railroad Medicare claims processing system from which to offset. If there is an insufficient amount of pending payments to satisfy the overpayment, interest may accrue.

You may request an immediate offset by one of the following methods:

- Submit an eServices eOffset Form
- Fax a request to (803) 382–2418
- Mail a request to:
  Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
  PO Box 10066
  Augusta, GA 30999

Faxed and mailed requests should be submitted using the “Immediate Offset Request Form” found on our Forms page under Financial Forms. If the form is not used, fax or mail a copy of the first page of the overpayment demand letter and a copy of the overpayment detail listing specifying the account receivable number(s) to be placed in immediate offset status. Indicate “IMMEDIATE OFFSET” either on the demand letter and/or on the fax cover sheet.

To request immediate offset for all existing and future accounts receivable, complete and sign the “Immediate Offset Request Form” indicating all eligible ARs. The form must be signed by a provider representative authorized to make the financial decisions for the provider.

For Medicare Secondary Payer claims:

Once Medicare has identified a claim (or a number of claims) that you have received primary payment from Medicare and primary payment from another insurance, you are required to repay Medicare within 60 days from the date that the other insurance paid as primary. Please send a check for the full amount to Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare. Do not submit an adjusted claim. If you do not repay the amount within the time frame specified above, we will collect against future Medicare payments to you. The acceptance of a voluntary refund as repayment for the claims specified in no way affects or limits the rights of the federal government, or any of its agencies or agents, to pursue any appropriate criminal, civil, or administrative remedies arising from or relating to these or any other claims.
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) consolidates the coordination of benefit activities that support the collection, management, and reporting of other insurance coverage of Medicare beneficiaries into the Benefits Coordination & Recovery Center (BCRC).

Consolidation of the coordination of benefits activities provides many benefits for employers, providers, suppliers, third party payers, attorneys, beneficiaries, and federal and state insurance programs. All Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) claims investigations are initiated from, and researched at the BCRC. This single-source development approach reduces the amount of duplicate MSP investigations. It also offers a centralized, one-stop customer service approach for all MSP-related inquiries, including those seeking general MSP information but not those related to specific claims or recoveries that serve to protect the Medicare Trust Fund. The BCRC provides customer service to all callers from any source, including but not limited to beneficiaries, attorneys/other beneficiary representatives, employers, insurers, providers and suppliers. The BCRC contact information can be found on page 36 of this guide.

Information Gathering

Medicare generally uses the term Medicare Secondary Payer or "MSP" when the Medicare program is not responsible for paying a claim first. The BCRC contractor will use a variety of methods and programs to identify situations in which Medicare beneficiaries have other health insurance that is primary to Medicare. In such situations, the other health plan has the legal obligation to meet the beneficiary’s health care expenses first before Medicare. The following table describes a few of these methods and programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method/Program</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initial Enrollment Questionnaire (IEQ)</td>
<td>Beneficiaries are sent a questionnaire about other insurance coverage approximately three (3) months before they are entitled to Medicare.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRS/SSA/CMS Data Match</td>
<td>Under the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, employers are required to complete a questionnaire that requests Group Health Plan (GHP) information on identified workers who are either entitled to Medicare or married to a Medicare beneficiary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSP Claims Investigation</td>
<td>This activity involves the collection of data on other health insurance that may be primary to Medicare based on information submitted on a medical claim or from other sources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voluntary MSP Data Match Agreements</td>
<td>Voluntary Agreements allow for the electronic data exchange of GHP eligibility and Medicare information between CMS and employers or various insurers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Provider Requests and Questions Regarding Claims Payment

Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) will continue to process claims submitted for primary or secondary payment. Claims processing is not a function of the BCRC. Questions concerning how to bill for payment should be directed to Railroad Medicare, and you should continue to return inappropriate Medicare payments to our office. Checks should not be sent to the BCRC. Questions regarding Railroad Medicare claim or service denials and adjustments should continue to be directed to our office. If a provider submits a claim on behalf of a beneficiary and there is an indication of MSP, but not sufficient information to disprove the existence of MSP, the claim will be investigated by the BCRC Contractor. This investigation will be performed with the provider or supplier that submitted the claim. The goal of MSP information gathering and investigation is to identify MSP situations quickly and accurately, thus ensuring correct primary and secondary payments by the responsible party. Providers, physicians, and other suppliers benefit not only from lower administrative claims costs, but also through enhanced customer service to their Medicare patients.

Medicare Secondary Payer Auxiliary Records in CMS’ Database

The BCRC is the sole authority to ensure the accuracy and integrity of the MSP information contained in CMS’ database (i.e., Common Working File – CWF). Information received as a result of MSP gathering and investigation is stored on the CWF in an MSP auxiliary file. The MSP auxiliary file allows for the entry of several auxiliary records, where necessary. MSP data may be updated, based on additional information received from external parties (e.g., beneficiaries, providers, attorneys, third party payers). Beneficiary, spouse and/or family member changes in employment, reporting of an accident, illness, or injury, federal program coverage changes, or any other insurance coverage information should be reported directly to the BCRC. CMS also relies on providers and suppliers to ask their Medicare patients about the presence of other primary health care coverage, and to report this information when filing claims with the Medicare program.

Termination and Deletion of MSP Auxiliary Records in CMS’ Database

MACs will continue to terminate records on the CWF where the provider has received information that MSP no longer applies (e.g. succession of employment, exhaustion of benefits). Termination requests should continue to be directed to Railroad Medicare. MSP records on the CWF that you identify as invalid should be reported to the BCRC for investigation and deletion.

Contacting the BCRC

For MSP inquiries, including the reporting of potential MSP situations, invalid MSP auxiliary files and general MSP questions/concerns to the BCRC. Continue to call Railroad Medicare regarding claims-related and recovery questions. The BCRC Customer Call Center toll free number is 855–798–2627 (TTY/TDD 855–797–2627). Customer service representatives are available to assist you from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., Monday through Friday, Eastern Time, except holidays. The BCRC mailing address is:

Medicare – MSP General Correspondence
P.O. Box 138897
Oklahoma City, OK  73113-8897
The Medical Review (MR) program is designed to prevent improper payments. MR automates this process to the extent possible. There are times when review of medical records and related documents are needed to determine whether claims were billed in compliance with Medicare coverage, coding, payment and billing policies. When medical records are needed, a request will be sent via the Additional Documentation Request (ADR) process.

Registered eServices users can receive MR prepayment ADR letters electronically through the eServices portal by choosing the eDelivery preference. You can also choose to receive an email to let you know an ADR is available in eServices for you. See page 25 for details.

Prepayment Reviews
If you receive a prepayment review ADR letter, it is important that you comply with the following instructions:

1. Provide the documents listed on the ADR and any related physician’s orders. Make sure the signature is legible or include an attestation of signature.
2. Include a copy of the ADR with your documents
3. When returning ADR responses for multiple claims, be sure to pair each ADR letter with the corresponding documentation. Pairing these documents ensures the documentation for each request letter is correct for each date of service requested.
4. Return your ADR responses to Palmetto GBA Medical Review with a completed Railroad Medicare Medical Review ADR Response Cover Sheet, which can be found in the Forms section of our website. Use one ADR Response Cover Sheet for each ADR letter/claim.
5. Return your ADR responses by one of the following methods. Do not submit by more than one method as a duplicate response slows down the documentation review process.
   - Upload through our eServices internet portal. See page 25 for details.
   - Submit via the Electronic Submission of Documentation (esMD) mechanism. For more information about esMD, please visit www.cms.gov/esmd.
   - Fax to (803) 264–8832
   - Mail to the address shown at the end of this list
6. Return your ADR response to Palmetto GBA promptly within 45 days of the date on the ADR letter. The claim will automatically deny on the 46th day if a response has not been received.
7. Once ADR responses are received, CMS requires Palmetto GBA to complete medical review of the documentation within 30 days. Do not resubmit ADR responses to Palmetto GBA.
8. Do not submit replacement/duplicate claims for the ones pending in medical review. The submission of replacement/duplicate claims will result in claim denial, rejection or recoupment and will prolong the medical review process. When the claim is finalized, the claim will have been paid in full or in part, or denied. If you disagree with the decision, you can request a redetermination within 120 days of the determination (date on the Remittance Advice).

Mail ADR responses to:
Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
Medical Review
PO Box 10066
Augusta, GA 30999
Postpayment Reviews
Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare may perform a postpayment review of claims, meaning that medical documentation is requested for claims that have already been processed and paid. Postpayment review can be done in cases where a high error rate and/or potential overutilization has been identified through data analysis. Postpayment review will be conducted in the Medical Review Department at Railroad Medicare. Upon review of the documentation, Railroad Medicare Medical Review clinicians will make a determination that either affirms the original payment, or denies the payment (in part or in full). If any part of the claim is denied, an overpayment is assessed, and funds are recouped from the provider.

Return your Postpayment Response within 60 days via one of the following methods:

- Upload through our eServices internet portal. See page 25 for details.
- Submit via the Electronic Submission of Documentation (esMD) mechanism. For more information about esMD, please visit the CMS website at www.cms.gov/esmd.
- Fax to (803) 264–8832
- Mail ADR responses to:
  Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
  Medical Review
  PO Box 10066
  Augusta, GA 30999
COMPREHENSIVE ERROR RATE (CERT) PROGRAM

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) established the Comprehensive Error Rate Testing (CERT) program to monitor and report the accuracy of Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) payments. The CERT program measures the error rate for claims submitted to Medicare contractors.

To meet this objective, the CERT Review Contractor, AdvanceMed, selects a random sample of Medicare FFS claims for review; requests supporting documentation from the provider or supplier who submitted the claim for payment; and reviews the documentation to determine if the claim was paid properly under Medicare coverage, coding, and billing rules.

Requested documentation should be sent to the CERT Review Contractor by one of the following methods:

- Fax to (804) 261–8100. When faxing documentation, please write the CID number on each sheet of documentation.

- Mail paper copy or encrypted CD/Disc to:
  Attn: CID XXXXXXXX
  CERT Documentation Center
  1510 East Parham Road
  Henrico, VA  23228
  Note: Records submitted on CD must be in PDF or TIFF format only. All information should be encrypted and protected with a password. Send the password via email to certmail@admedcorp.com.

- Submit via Electronic Submission of Medical Documentation (esMD). For more information about esMD, see the CMS website at www.cms.gov/esmd.

Do not submit documentation on a USB flash drive.

If documentation is not received by the CERT contractor, the claim will be considered paid in error. The CERT review contractor then notifies Railroad Medicare of the payment in error, which is subject to the normal overpayment recovery process.

If documentation is received by the CERT contractor, a review is conducted. Upon completion, if the documentation does not support that the rules were met, the claim is counted as either a total or partial improper payment. The CERT Review Contractor notifies Railroad Medicare of the improper payments which are subject to the normal overpayment recovery process.

If the documentation does support that the rules were met, and the service should be up coded, the CERT contractor will notify Railroad Medicare of that improper payment as well. Railroad Medicare will then issue additional payment to the provider as necessary.

For more information about the CERT program, visit the CERT Contractor website at https://www.certprovider.com/ and the CERT page of our website, www.PalmettoGBA.com/RR.
The primary function of Benefit Integrity is to identify and investigate cases of suspected fraud or abuse, and to take actions to ensure the Medicare Trust Fund is protected from inappropriate payments.

What is Fraud and Abuse?

Fraud is an intentional representation that an individual makes, or attempts to make, which he/she knows to be false, or does not believe to be true, and knows that such misrepresentation could result in some unauthorized benefit to themselves or another person(s).

Examples of fraud may include:

- Billing for services not rendered
- Misrepresentation of services
- Bribes, rebates and other kickbacks
- Falsified medical records
- Misrepresentation of diagnosis reported on claims
- Causing payment to be generated to someone other than the provider of services or beneficiary who incurred expenses
- Beneficiaries, providers or employees altering claims in any way to generate payments that would otherwise not be payable

Abuse describes incidents or practices of providers, which are inconsistent with accepted sound medical and business practices or the intentional over utilization of a service, that are contrary to customary standards, and ethics of medical practice.

Examples of abuse may include:

- Services not medically necessary
- Up coding
- Screening services
- Violation of assignment agreement
- Waiver of co-payments
- Billing for a non-covered service
- Misusing codes on the claim (i.e. the way the service is coded on the claim does not comply with national or local coding guidelines or is not billed as rendered)

An abusive situation can turn into fraud, when, after being brought to the provider's or beneficiary’s attention through educational contacts, the abuse continues to occur.

The above lists are in no way intended to address every potentially fraudulent or abusive situation. Providers with questions about the appropriateness of particular situations should contact us for clarification.

Penalties for Committing Fraud and/or Abuse

Providers who commit fraud and/or abuse may be subject to both criminal and civil penalties. Civil penalties include payment recoveries, monetary fines, payment suspensions and exclusion from federal programs. Criminal penalties may include convictions for various violations such as mail fraud, wire fraud and healthcare fraud which may result in fines and/or imprisonment.
**Routine Waiver of Deductible and/or Copayments**

Medicare regulations require that all providers collect any applicable deductibles and/or copayments from all beneficiaries. Routine waiver of deductibles and copayments can be construed as program abuse, misrepresentation of the cost of a service, and a violation of federal anti-kickback laws. With the exception of financial hardship, providers who waive these fees may be offering incentives to patients to purchase services from them. In cases of financial hardship, providers are required to obtain a written statement from the patient as to their financial hardship. If you fail to obtain such a statement, Medicare requires you follow your standard practice for collecting fees from patients (i.e., written demands for payment).

**Services Advertised as Free or Without Charge**

When advertising a free or discounted service or a free initial visit, the beneficiary should be made aware of just what the free service or visit entails. This will help to ensure that he or she is making an informed decision about whether to continue treatment after the free service has been provided. This is especially important since an advertisement that the service is being performed without charge may have been an enticement for the beneficiary to schedule an appointment with that physician, provider or supplier. Failure to make this information available to the beneficiary may be interpreted as misleading and/or misrepresentation.

**Penalties for Assignment Violations**

The Medicare–Medicaid Anti-Fraud and Abuse Amendments of 1977 (PL 95-142) strengthen the Government’s capability to detect and prosecute cases of Medicare and Medicaid fraud. We are notifying all physicians, providers, and suppliers of the penalties that are provided by this law for repeated violations of the assignment agreement.

When a physician, provider, or supplier accepts assignment, he/she agrees that the reasonable charge, determined by the Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC), shall be his/her full charge for the service. He/she violates the assignment agreement if he/she collects, or attempts to collect, from the beneficiary or other person an amount that, when added to the benefit payment, exceeds the reasonable charge.

Prior to the passage of the amendments, the only action that would be initiated against a physician, provider, or supplier who repeatedly violated the assignment agreement was revocation of assignment privileges under Medicare.

The law now provides that any person who knowingly, willingly, and repeatedly violates the assignment agreement shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a maximum fine of $2,000 and/or six (6) months imprisonment.

This legislation also provides that when a physician/practitioner, provider or supplier has been convicted of a criminal offense related to his/her involvement in Medicare or Medicaid; he/she will be excluded from program participation and from any state health care programs as defined under Section 1128(h) of the Social Security Act.

In addition, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 provides authority for the imposition of civil monetary penalties of up to $2,000 per item or service claimed, for violations of an assignment agreement under Section 1842 (b)(3)(B)(ii) of the Social Security Act.

To report Fraud and Abuse, call us at 888–355–9165
- Select option 5
- Press 0 to speak with a representative
PHONE DIRECTORY

Provider Enrollment ............................................................................................................ 888–355–9165
Option 3
The Provider Enrollment Department is available Monday through Friday, from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. for all time zones with the exception of PT, which receives service from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Please refer to page 3 for information on the Provider Enrollment process.

Electronic Data Interchange .................................................................................... 888–355–9165
Option 2
The EDI team is available to assist you with problems and questions, Monday through Friday, from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. for all time zones with the exception of PT, which receives service from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Please refer to page 5 for additional information on submitting claims electronically.

Reopenings .............................................................................................................................. 888–355–9165
Option 4
The Reopenings department is available Monday through Friday, from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. for all time zones with the exception of PT, which receives service from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Prior to requesting a redetermination, please refer to page 31 of this guide for additional information.

Interactive Voice Response ...................................................................................... 877–288–7600
The Interactive Voice Response Unit (IVR) is available 7 a.m. to 11 p.m., ET, for general information. Claim status and beneficiary eligibility are available 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. Monday through Friday.
Please refer to page 27 of this guide for IVR instructions.

Provider Contact Center .................................................................................................... 888–355–9165
Option 5
Customer Service Representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. for all time zones with the exception of PT, which receives service from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. On Thursdays the Service Center closes from 2:15 p.m. to 4:45 p.m. for Customer Service training.
Claim Status and beneficiary eligibility inquiries should be handled through the Interactive Voice Response Unit. Please refer to page 27 of this guide for additional information on IVR.

TTY/TDD Provider Contact Center ............................................................................... 877–715–6397
The Railroad Medicare provider call center has the capability for hearing impaired providers, or their staff, to communicate by using Teletypewriter/Telecommunications device for the Deaf (TTY/TDD) service.
Please use the **ATTENTION LINE** in conjunction with our address when sending correspondence. Always be sure to clearly explain your question or concern in writing. You should include the beneficiary’s name, beneficiary’s Medicare number and/or a copy of the remittance notice, along with a detailed description of the nature of your inquiry.

**Attention Line Options:**
- Accounting and Finance
- Medicare Secondary Payer
- Appeals
- General Inquiries

**Use in conjunction with this address:**
Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
P.O. Box 10066
Augusta, GA 30999

If you are sending information via private courier service (FedEx, UPS, etc.), send to:

Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
2743 Perimeter Parkway, Bldg. 200
Augusta, GA 30909

Other direct addresses for your use by unit:

**Accounting and Finance** (When returning an overpayment):
Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
Attention: Accounting
PO Box 367
Augusta, GA 30999

**Benefit Integrity**
If you are sending information via U.S. Mail, please send to the following address:
Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
Attention: Benefit Integrity
PO Box 1956
Augusta, GA 30999

If you are sending information via private courier service (FedEx, UPS, etc.), send to:
Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare
Attention: Benefit Integrity
2743 Perimeter Parkway, Bldg. 200
Augusta, GA 30909

**To Contact Us by Email**
Contact us via Email at medicare.railroad@palmettogba.com.
The Railroad Medicare listserv is an important communication tool that offers its members the opportunity to stay informed about:

- Medicare incentive programs
- Fee Schedule changes
- New legislation concerning Medicare
- And so much more!

What is needed to receive updates?

- Internet access and an email address

How to register to receive the Palmetto GBA Medicare Listserv email updates

Use the Listservs link in the top toolbar on any Palmetto GBA Railroad Medicare website page to access the listserv registration page. Select Register Now. Then complete and submit the online form. Be sure to choose the categories and select the specialties that interest you so information can be sent.

Note: Once the registration information is entered, you will receive a confirmation/welcome message informing you that you’ve been successfully added to our listserv. You must acknowledge this confirmation within three days of your registration.
CONNECTING WITH RAILROAD MEDICARE

Twitter
Twitter is a real-time information network powered by people all around the world. It lets you share and discover what’s happening now. Twitter asks “What’s happening?” and makes the answer spread across the globe to millions, immediately. For Railroad Medicare, Twitter is an alternative for delivering listserv messages in a timely, concise, effective and repeatable manner. Each listserv message is condensed for Twitter delivery, and those smaller pieces of information can be resent by receiving/following individuals to others as needed. To register, please visit www.twitter.com and follow the simple steps to set up an account to receive Palmetto GBA messages.

Facebook
Facebook is a social utility that connects people with friends and others who work, study, and live around them. It allows a centralized location for receiving updates on a person or organization as well as sending messages. For Railroad Medicare, this is another means to stay connected and receive updates on Medicare and how it affects you. To view the Palmetto GBA Facebook page, go to https://www.facebook.com/PalmettoGBA/. If you are not a registered Facebook user, click on the Sign Up button and follow the simple steps to set up an account to exchange messages with “Palmetto GBA, LLC.”
GLOSSARY

Adjudication – The process of deciding whether to pay, pend, or reject a claim based upon the information submitted, the eligibility of the recipients, and the available benefits.

Adjustment – Additional payment or correction of records on a previously processed claim.

Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC) – A free standing facility, other than a physician’s office, where surgical and diagnostic services are provided on an ambulatory basis.

Amount in Controversy – The difference between the amount charged the beneficiary, less the amount allowed, less any remaining deductible and/or, if applicable, blood deductible, less 20 percent of remainder.

Appeal – Written or verbal statement from a provider that conveys an explicit request for redetermination of the initial decision of a claim, or dissatisfaction with the most recent determination.

Beneficiary – Term used to identify any individual eligible for Medicare benefits.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The division of the Department of Health and Human Services responsible for administering the Medicare program.

Coordination of Benefits (COB) – The determination of primary, secondary, and tertiary insurer responsibility for a patient’s health claim and the passing of claim and payment information between insurers.

Coordination Period – Specified period of time when an employer plan is the primary payer to Medicare.


CWF – Common Working File.

DAB – Appeals Council Review/ Departmental Appeals Board.

Diagnosis – Identifies the condition, cause or disease of the patient.

Employer Group Health Plan (EGHP) – Group health plan provided by a single employer of 20 or more employees or provided by an employee organization associated with that employer.

End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) – A person will be classified as having ESRD when there is permanent kidney failure, and dialysis or kidney transplant are the only two options for treatment.

eServices – A secure internet-based, provider self-service portal that provides information over the Web for eligibility, claim status, remittances, financial information and more.

Explanation of Benefits (EOB) – The explanation generated by an insurance that pays before Medicare pays, i.e., Employer Group Health Plan, workers compensation, etc.

HCPCS – Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System. HCPCS includes three levels of procedure codes as well as modifiers. Level I contains the AMA’s CPT-4 codes. Level II contains alphanumeric codes maintained by CMS. Level III contains MAC-assigned local codes.
Health Insurance Claim Number (HICN) – A Railroad Medicare HIC number consists of one to three alpha prefix followed by six or nine numbers. In June 2018, the Railroad Retirement Board mailed new Medicare cards with new Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI) numbers to Railroad Medicare beneficiaries. MBIs will replace HICNs for transactions like billing, eligibility status and claim status.

Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSAs) – Physicians, including psychiatrists, should note that if they furnish services in primary medical care Health Professional Shortage Areas, they are eligible to receive ten percent bonus payments.

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) – The Administrative Simplification provisions of HIPAA direct the federal government to adopt national electronic standards for automated transfer of certain health care data between health care payers, billers, plans and providers. This will enable the entire health care industry to communicate electronic data using a single set of standards.

IOM – Internet Only Manual. This manual contains informational and procedural material that Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) use to adjudicate claims. It includes instructions dealing with coverage of services, bill review, reasonable charges and other pertinent claims procedures.

Interactive Voice Response (IVR) System – The computerized telephone answering service allowing a provider to check claim status and eligibility using a touch-tone telephone.

Large Group Health Plan (LGHP) – A plan provided by an employer who employs 100 or more persons or a plan belonging to a multi-employer plan where at least one employer has 100 or more full or part time employees.

Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC) – A private health care insurer that has been awarded a geographic jurisdiction to process Medicare Part A and Part B (A/B) medical claims or Durable Medical Equipment (DME) claims for Medicare Fee-For-Service (FFS) beneficiaries. Railroad Medicare Part B claims are processed by the Railroad Retirement Board Specialty MAC (RRB SMAC).

Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI) – Randomly generated MBIs will replace Social Security Number (SSN)-based HICNs on all Medicare cards by April 2019. MBIs will replace HICNs for transactions like billing, eligibility status and claim status.

Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) – There is another insurance company that is primary to Medicare; the primary insurance company pays first and Medicare would be secondary payer for the service(s).

Modifiers – Two-digit codes that indicate services or procedures have been altered by some specific circumstance. Modifiers do not change the definition of the reported procedure codes.


Provider Transaction Access Number (PTAN) - A Medicare identification number issued to providers by MACs upon Medicare enrollment.

Qualified Independent Contractor (QIC) – The second level of appeal following the redetermination of a Part B claim.
**Redetermination** – The first formal level of appeal following the initial processing of a Part B claim. It is a second look at the claim and supporting documentation by a different employee.

**Remittance Notice** – A summarized statement for providers including payment information for one or more beneficiaries.

**Returned/Rejected Claim** – Process where a claim is returned/rejected because essential information is missing. Rejected claims can be identified by remittance remark code MA130. This action is not appealable. The claimant must resubmit the claim and may not bill the beneficiary until Medicare gives the claimant a decision.

**Reopening** – A re-evaluation of the claim determination. A reopening does not take your appeal rights. It is a discretionary action by the Medicare Administrative Contractor in response to the identification of an error, fraud, or the submittal of new information.

**Third Party Liability (TPL)** – When a Beneficiary sues another party due to an accident, such as a fall on someone’s property.

**Time Limit** – The specified period of time during which a notice of claim or redetermination must be filed.

**Unprocessable Claim** – Process where a claim is returned/rejected because essential information is missing. This action is not appealable. The claimant must resubmit the claim and may not bill the beneficiary until Medicare gives the claimant a decision.

**Waiver of Liability Provision** – A provision which states that if the provider informed the beneficiary in writing before the item or service was furnished that Medicare is likely to deny payment for the item or service rendered as "not reasonable and necessary," and obtained his or her agreement to pay, the provider’s liability is waived and payment is made to the provider by the beneficiary.

**Working Aged** – Employed individuals aged 65 or over and individuals aged 65 or over with employed spouses of any age.
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